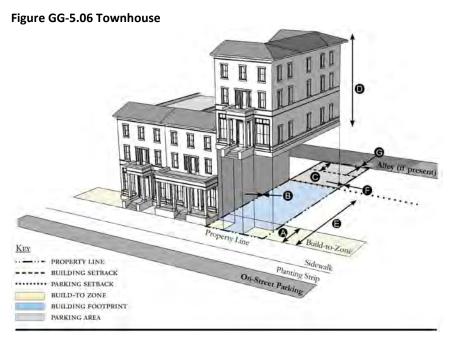
Draft 10-30-2024 **Exhibit 8**



Frontage Buildout Front Build-to-Zone Side at Street Build-to-Zone Side at Property Line Setback ^{1, 2} Rear Yard Setback ¹ Height, see 12.1.04.2 Ceiling at Ground Level 70% min. 70% min. 70% min. 9' min., 15' max. 0' min. or 10' min. 10' min./5' min. with alley Not applicable	
Side at Street Build-to-Zone Side at Property Line Setback ^{1, 2} Rear Yard Setback ¹ Height, see 12.1.04.2 5' min., 15' max. 0' min. or 10' min. 10' min./5' min. with alley	
Side at Property Line Setback ^{1, 2} Rear Yard Setback ¹ Height, see 12.1.04.2 O' min. or 10' min. 10' min./5' min. with alley	
Rear Yard Setback ¹ 10' min./5' min. with alley Height, see 12.1.04.2	
Rear Yard Setback ¹ 10' min./5' min. with alley Height, see 12.1.04.2	
Ceiling at Ground Level Not applicable	
The approach	
Building Height Refer to Table GG-5/2 stories min.	
Parking Placement, see 12.1.04.6	
Front Setback 30' min.	
Side at Street Setback 10' min.	
Side at Property Line Setback 0' min	
Rear Setback 5' min/0' min with alley	
Permitted Subdistricts, see 12.7.02	
Core General Corridor Multifamily	
Description	
A Townhouse is a building with common walls on one or both sides and often a private garden to	o the
rear. Service and parking shall be located in the rear.	
Façade Transparency, see 12.7.04.5 <u>%</u>	
Ground level facing streets or civic open spaces 15 min.	
Above the ground level 15 min.	

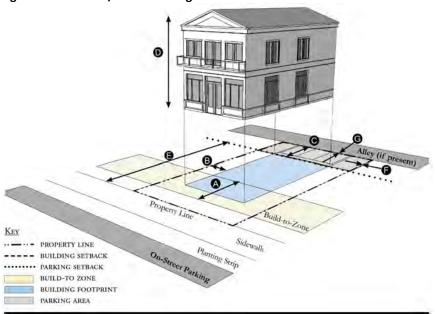
Notes:

Townhouses shall have a maximum grouping of 8 dwelling units and a minimum Setback of 15 feet between buildings.

¹Section 12.1.04.11 Building Transitions applies when the rear or side of a property abuts a residential subdistrict or an existing single family dwelling.

² When adjacent to another property that is not part of the townhouse development the Side at Property Setback is 10 feet minimum from the property line.

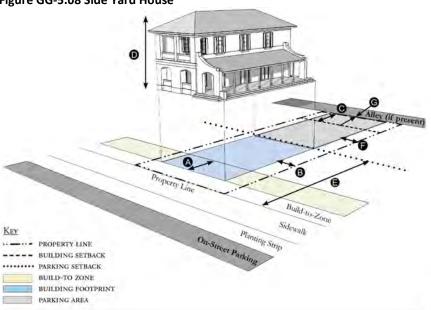
Figure GG-5.07 Live/Work Building



Building Placement, see 12.3	L.04.6				
Frontage Buildout		70% min.			
Front Build-to-Zone		10' m	nin., 25' max.		A
Side at Street Setback		10' m	nin.		
Side at Property Line Setb	ack ¹	10' m	nin.		₿
Rear Yard Setback ¹		10' m	nin.		•
Height, see 12.1.04.2					
Ceiling at Ground Level		12' m	nin.		
Building Height		35'/3	stories max.		0
Parking Placement, see 12.1	.04.6				
Front Setback		30' min.		(
Side at Street Setback		10' min.			
Side at Property Line Setb	ack	0' mi	n.		9
Rear Setback		5' mi	n./0' min with alley		œ
Parking Placement does n	ot prohibit parking	in a re	sidential driveway or a si	ide yard drivew	ay.
Permitted Subdistricts, see 1	12.7.02				
Core	General		Corridor	Indus	strial
Description	Description				
A Live/Work Building is a building which is predominately residential in character, but contains			ains		
commercial and residential uses.					
Façade Transparency, see 12.7.04.5			<u>%</u>		
Ground level facing streets or civic open spaces		<u>es</u>	<u>15 min.</u>		
Above the ground level			<u>15 min.</u>		

¹Section 12.1.04.11 Building Transitions applies when the rear or side of a property abuts a residential subdistrict or an existing single family dwelling.





Building Placement, see 12.1.04.6		
Frontage Buildout ¹	60% min.	
Front Build-to-Zone	10' min., 25' max.	A
Side at Street Setback	10' min.	
Side at Property Line Setback	5' min., 10' min. other side	B
Rear Yard Setback	10' min./5' min. with alley	•
Height, see 12.1.04.2		
Ceiling at Ground Level	Not applicable	
Building Height	Refer to Table GG-5	D
Parking Placement, see 12.1.04.6 and 12.7	7.07.9	
Front Setback	30' min.	(
Side at Street Setback	10' min.	
Side at Property Line Setback	5' min.	G
Rear Setback	5' min./0' min with alley	(
Parking Placement does not prohibit p	parking in a residential driveway or a side yard	
driveway		

_	
General	Multifamily
	,

Description

A Side Yard House is a detached building that occupies one side of the lot adjacent to an open space which runs from the front yard to the rear yard. This Building Type is often delivered in a series of multiple side yard type houses.

Façade Transparency, see 12.7.04.5	<u>%</u>
Ground level facing streets or civic open spaces	<u>15 min.</u>
Above the ground level	<u>15 min.</u>

Notes:

¹ For this Building Type, the frontage buildout requirement may be met with the provision of a continuous wall or fence along the lot frontage. For permitted *Lot Size, Density, Building Coverage,* and *Open Space,* see Table GG-5.

Figure GG-5.09 Cottage

Alley (if present)

Property Jine

Phanting Strip

On-Street Parking

KEY

Building Placement, see 12.	1.04.6				
Frontage Buildout ¹		60%	min.		
Front Build-to-Zone		10' r	nin., 25' max.		A
Side at Street Build-to-Zo	ne	5' m	in./10' min.		
Side at Property Line Setk	oack	5' m	in.		₿
Rear Yard Setback		10' r	nin.		•
Height, see 12.1.04.2					
Ceiling at Ground Level		Not	applicable		
Building Height		Refe	r to Table GG-5		•
Parking Placement, see 12.1	04.6 and 12.7.07.9				
Front Setback		30' min.		9	
Side at Street Setback		10' min.			
Side at Property Line Seth	oack	5' m	in.		•
Rear Setback	Rear Setback 5' m		in.		œ
Parking Placement does r	not prohibit parking i	in a re	sidential driveway or a sid	le yard	
driveway					
Permitted Subdistricts, see	12.7.02				
Core	General		Corridor	Multif	amily
Description					
_	_		yard often located on a na		ng can be
accommodated with on-s	street parking, a driv	eway,	or detached garage to the	e rear.	
Façade Transparency, see 12.7.04.5		<u>%</u>			
Ground level facing streets or civic open spaces		<u>15 min.</u>			
Above the ground level			<u>15 min.</u>		

BUILDING SETBACK

PARKING SETBACK

BUILD-TO ZONE

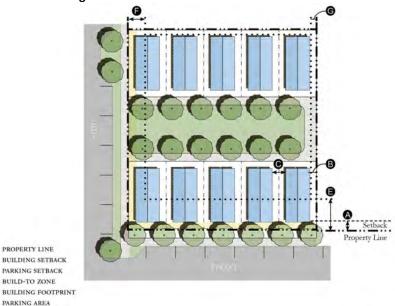
BUILDING FOOTPRINT

PARKING AREA

Cottages shall not exceed a footprint of 2,000 square feet.

¹ For this Building Type, the frontage buildout requirement may be met with the provision of a continuous wall or fence along the lot frontage. For permitted *Lot Size, Density, Building Coverage,* and *Open Space,* see Table GG-5.

Figure GG-5.10 Cottage Court



Building Placement, see 12.	1.04.6				
Frontage Buildout		60%	min.		
Front Setback		6' m	in.		A
Side at Street Setback		6' m	in.		
Side at Property Line Seth	oack	6' m	in.		₿
Unit Separation		10' r	nin.		•
Height, see 12.1.04.2					
Ceiling at Ground Level		Not	applicable		
Building Height		Refe	r to Table GG-5		0
Parking Placement, see 12.1	.04.6				
Front Setback		30' min.		(1)	
Side at Street Setback		10' r	nin.		
Side at Property Line Setk	oack	5' m	in.		9
Rear Setback		5' min.		(
Permitted Subdistricts, see	12.7.02				
Core General			Corridor	Multifa	amily
Description					
A Cottage Court is a serie	s of small detached	house	s arranged around a comr	non open spac	e. Homes
may share other commor	າ amenities like stora	age ar	nd parking areas.		
Façade Transparency, see 12.7.04.5			<u>%</u>		
Ground level facing streets or civic open spaces		es	s <u>15 min.</u>		
Above the ground level			15 min.		

KEY

·· - · · · PROPERTY LINE ---- BUILDING SETBACK ····· PARKING SETBACK BUILD-TO ZONE

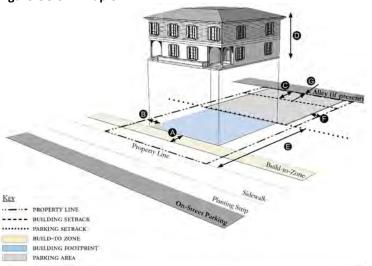
PARKING AREA

Cottage Courts may include duplexes.

¹ For this Building Type, the frontage requirement may be met with the provision of a continuous wall or fence along the lot frontage.

² For Mobile Homes frontage buildout requirement does not apply.

Figure GG-5.11 Duplex

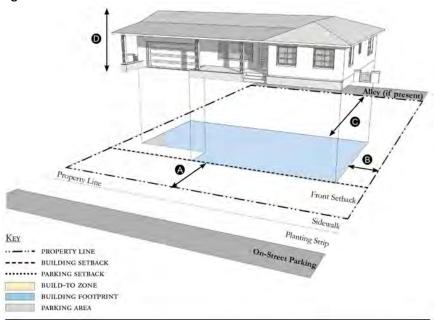


Duilding Dissement see 12.1.04.6			
Building Placement, see 12.1.04.6 Frontage Buildout ¹	60%	min.	
Front Build-to-Zone	10' min., 25' max.		A
	10 min., 25 max.		•
Side at Street Setback			_
Side at Property Line Setback	5' min.		B
Rear Yard Setback	10' ו	nin.	•
Height, see 12.1.04.2			
Ceiling at Ground Level	Not	applicable	
Building Height	Refe	er to Table GG-5	O
Parking Placement, see 12.1.04.6 and	12.7.07.9		
Side at Property Line	5' m	in.	Ð
Rear Setback	5' m	in./0' with alley	(
Parking Placement does not proh	ibit parking in a re	esidential driveway or a side yard	
driveway.			
Refer to Section 12.1.07.8 Garage	and Driveway fo	r parking and driveway configurations	
for Single Family Dwellings.			
Permitted Subdistricts, see 12.7.02			
General	Multifamily		
Description		·	
A Duplex is an attached building v	vith one commor	wall that separates two dwelling units	within a
single lot. Duplexes can be design		•	
Façade Transparency, see 12.7.04.5		<u>.</u>	
Ground level facing streets or civi	vic open spaces 15 min.		
Above the ground level	15 min.		

An ADU is prohibited on lots on which a duplex is located.

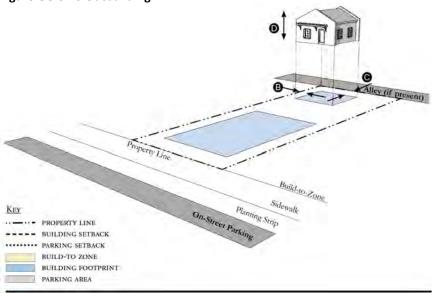
¹ For this Building Type, the frontage buildout requirement may be met with the provision of a continuous wall or fence along the lot frontage. For permitted *Lot Size, Density, Building Coverage,* and *Open Space,* see Table GG-5.

Figure GG-5.12 All Yard House



Building Placement, see 12.1.04.6			
Frontage Buildout Not		ed	
Front Setback 20			A
Side at Street Setback	6' min.		
Side at Property Line Setback	6' min.		₿
Rear Yard Setback	10' min.		•
Height, see 12.1.04.2			
Ceiling at Ground Level	Not applica	able	
Building Height	Refer to Ta	ble GG-5	D
Parking Placement, see 12.1.04.6 and 12.7.0	7.9		
Side at Property Line	5' min.		(1)
Rear Setback	5' min./0' r	nin. with alley	e
Parking Placement does not prohibit par	king in a resident	ial driveway or a side ya	rd driveway.
Refer to Section 12.1.07.8 Garage and D	riveway for parkir	ng and driveway configu	rations for Single
Family Dwellings.			
Permitted Subdistricts, see 12.7.02			
General	Multifamily		
Description			
An All Yard House has yards on all sides	and may contain	accessory structures tow	ard the rear.
Façade Transparency, see 12.7.04.5	<u>%</u>		
Ground level facing streets or civic open	ivic open spaces 15 min.		
Above the ground level	15 m	in.	

Figure GG-5.13 Outbuilding



Building Placement, see 12.1.04.6		
Frontage Buildout	Not Applicable	
Front Build-to-Zone	Not Applicable	
Side at Street Build-to-Zone	Not Applicable	
Side at Property Line Setback	5' min.	₿
Rear Yard Setback	5' min.	•
Height, see 12.1.04.2		
Ceiling at Ground Level	Not applicable	
Building Height	25'/2 stories max.	•

Parking Placement, see 12.1.04.6

Refer to Section 12.1.07.8 Garage and Driveway for parking and driveway configurations for Single Family Dwellings.

Permitted Subdistricts, see 12.7.02		
Core	General	Corridor
Industrial	Multifamily	

Description

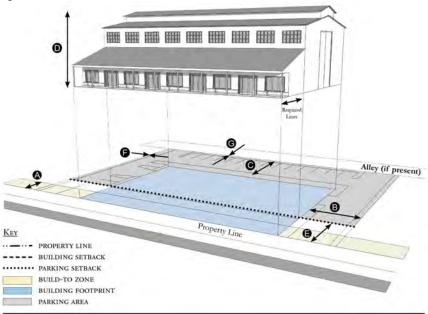
An Outbuilding is an accessory building, usually located toward the rear of the same lot as a Principal Building, and is sometimes connected to the Principal Building. An Outbuilding may include a garage, shed, workshop, or accessory dwelling unit.

Façade Transparency, see 12.7.04.5	<u>%</u>
Ground level facing streets or civic open spaces	<u>15 min.</u>

Notes:

Outbuildings shall not exceed a footprint of 850 square feet.

Figure GG-5.14 Boat Barn



Building Placement, see 12.1.04.6		
Frontage Buildout	60% min.	
Front Build-to-Zone	5' min., 15' max.	A
Side at Street Setback	10' min.	
Side at Property Line Setback ¹	10' min.	₿
Rear Yard Setback ¹	10' min./5' min. with alley	•
Height, see 12.1.04.2		
Ceiling at Ground Level	Not applicable	
Building Height	35'/3 stories max.	0
Parking Placement, see 12.1.04.6		
Front Setback	30' min.	(3)
Side at Street Setback	5' min.	
Side at Property Line Setback	5' min.	G
Rear Setback	5' min./0' min. with alley	(e)

Parking shall not be located between the building and the street.

Permitted Subdistricts, see 12.7.02	
Corridor	Industrial

Description

A Boat Barn is an indoor storage facility. A liner with habitable uses is required to avoid large blank façades to visible to the public. A liner shall face all primary streets. Liners maybe additional commercial space with permitted uses.

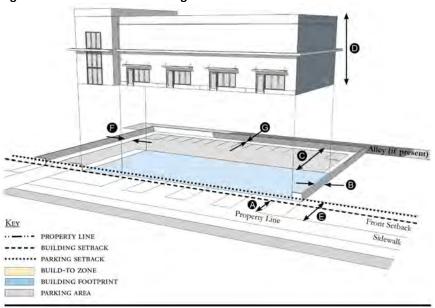
Façade Transparency, see 12.7.04.5	<u>%</u>
Ground level facing streets or civic open spaces	<u>15 min.</u>

Notes:

A commercial liner shall be a minimum depth of 20 feet.

¹Section 12.1.04.11 Building Transitions applies when the rear or side of a property abuts a residential subdistrict or an existing single family dwelling

Figure GG-5.15 Industrial Building



Building Placement, see 12.1.04.6		
Frontage Buildout	Not Required	
Front Setback ²	20' min.	A
Side at Street Setback	5' min.	
Side at Property Line Setback ¹	5' min.	₿
Rear Yard Setback	10' min./5' min. with alley	•
Height, see 12.1.04.2		
Ceiling at Ground Level	Not applicable	
Building Height	40'/3 stories max.	D
Parking Placement, see 12.1.04.6		
Front Setback	30' min.	(3)
Side at Street Setback	5' min.	
Side at Property Line Setback	5' min.	•
Rear Setback	5' min./0' min. with alley	e

Parking shall not be located between the building and the street.

Permitted Subdistricts, see 12.7.02	
Corridor	Industrial

Description

An Industrial Building will vary in scale depending on its intended use. Some commercial uses may be permitted, but its primary focus is industrial. Parking shall be accommodated from alleys whenever possible. Parking shall be avoided on all Primary and Secondary Streets.

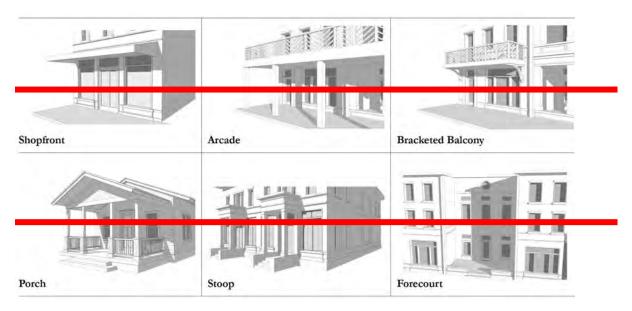
Façade Transparency, see 12.7.04.5	<u>%</u>
Ground level facing streets or civic open spaces	<u>15 min.</u>

Notes: ¹Section 12.1.04.11 Building Transitions applies when the rear or side of a property abuts a residential subdistrict or an existing single family dwelling.

The front setback shall be treated with Required Landscape Area and Tree Planting as described in Table GG-10 Section 12.7.09 when Frontage Types are not provided.

² Encroachment into the front setback of up to 15' is permitted when Frontage Types are utilized as described in Section 12.1.05.2.

Figures GG-5.16 Frontage Types Matrix



2. Frontage Types. Using one or more of the permitted frontage types indicated in Table GG-5.17 is required within the Core, General, and Corridor Subdistricts. Standards for Frontage types are found in Section 12.1.05. Frontage Types are encouraged in the Industrial and Multifamily Subdistrict, but are not required.

Table GG-5.17 - Permitted Frontage Types Matrix

Subdistrict	Shopfront	Arcade	Bracketed Balcony	Porch1	Stoop	Forecourt
Core	P	Þ	P	P	P	P
General	₽	Þ	₽	P	Þ	P
Corridor	₽	₽	₽	P	Þ	₽
Industrial	-	-	-	-	-	-
Multifamily	-	-	-	_	-	-
Primary Streets shall include the required Principal Entrance and Frontage Type.						

[±]For implementation in the GG Redevelopment Zoning District, Figure 12-7.04 Porch Frontage is modified such that the minimum depth of a porch shall be 5 feet and the maximum depth shall be 8 feet.

(Ord. No. 1147, pt. I(Exh. A), 10-27-2020; Ord. No. 1159, pt. 1, 5-11-2021)

Sec. 12.7.12. Architectural standards.

The following Architectural Standards are applicable within Golden Gate Redevelopment Zoning District

- 1. Architectural Standards must comply with the Architectural Standards established for all Redevelopment Zoning Districts in Section 12.1.12. Accessory Structures. Accessory structures shall be designed and constructed to match the architectural style and building form of the primary structure For accessory structures less than 400 square feet, a complementary or matching color shall meet the requirements of this standard.
- 2. Building Additions. The exterior appearance of additions to an existing building should be compatible with the overall building type. For example, exterior walls should be of the same or compatible materials and finished in the same manner as the existing structure. Windows should also be of the same type or be complementary with the existing windows.
- 3. Painting of Structures.
 - a. All exterior surfaces of buildings shall be painted except when constructed with materials not normally painted, including, but not limited to, vinyl siding or brick.
 - b. Any repairs to the exterior of any building must be painted to match the balance of the structure.
- 4. Board-ups. If a structure is boarded-up for an extended period of time for any reason, the boarding material must be, at a minimum, exterior grade plywood. If exterior grade plywood is used, it must be painted to match the balance of the structure, except for temporary boarding in the event of a natural disaster.
- 5. Historic Structures. Structures identified as historically and architecturally contributing shall be candidates for historic protection as set forth in Div. 13, Article 4.
- 6. Heat Island Effect. In order to reduce urban heat islands for both roofed and non-roofed areas, the following recommendations are provided for building and site design:
 - a. Non-roofed: Provide shade on at least 30 percent of non-roof impervious surface on the site, including parking lots, walkways, plazas, etc.; or use light-colored/high-albedo materials (reflectance of at least .3) for 30 percent of the site's non-roofed impervious surfaces; or, use open grid pavement system.
 - b. Roofed: Use Energy Star roof-compliant, high-reflectance and high emissivity roofing or install a "green" (vegetated) roof for at least 50 percent of the roof area.
 - c. Parking Garage Roofs: Provide shade on at least 30 percent of any exposed parking on the roof.

(Ord. No. 1147, pt. I(Exh. A), 10-27-2020; Ord. No. 1159, pt. 1, 5-11-2021)