COMPLISSION RECORD.

2018 DEC 31 PM 2: 10

CAROLYN TIMMANN CLERK OF CIRCUIT COUR :

Prepared By:
Martin County Growth Management Department
2401 S.E. Monterey Road
Stuart, FL 34996

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BEFORE THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS MARTIN COUNTY, FLORIDA DEVELOPMENT ORDER

RESOLUTION NUMBER 18-11.9

[REGARDING A MAJOR DEVELOPMENT REVISED FINAL SITE PLAN APPROVAL FOR CIRCLE K US-1 COVE ROAD WITH A CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC FACILITIES RESERVATION]

WHEREAS, this Board has made the following determinations of fact:

- 1. Circle K Properties, Inc., submitted an application for revised final site plan approval for the Circle K US-1 Cove Road project, located on lands legally described in Exhibit A, attached hereto.
- 2. Upon proper notice of hearing this Board held a public meeting on the application on November 13, 2018.
 - 3. At the public hearing, all interested parties were given an opportunity to be heard.
- 4. Pursuant to Section 10.4.A.1., Land Development Regulations, Martin County, Fla. (2016), a review of this application is not required by the Local Planning Agency (LPA).
- 6. The revised final site plan for the Circle K US-1 Cove Road project is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and the Land Development Regulations.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF MARTIN COUNTY, FLORIDA, THAT:

- A. The revised final site plan, attached hereto as Exhibit B, for the Circle K US-1 Cove Road project, including the request for alternative landscape compliance pursuant to Section 4.667., LDR, Martin County, Fla. (2013), is approved. Development of the Circle K US-1 Cove Road project shall be in accordance with the approved revised final site plan and the Preserve Area Management Plan (PAMP), attached hereto as Exhibit C.
- B. All required applicable state and federal permits and approvals shall be submitted to the Growth Management Department (GMD) prior to the commencement of any construction.
- C. No permits for construction or development activity shall be issued until all required documents, plans and fees are received and approved as required by Section 10.9, Land Development Regulations Martin County Code.

- D. Failure to submit the required documents, plans and fees as required by Section 10.9, Land Development Regulations, Martin County Code, shall render approval of the revised final site plan for the Circle K US-1 Cove Road project null and void.
- E. This application is hereby determined to meet the requirements for and shall serve as a Certificate of Public Facilities Reservation as set forth in Section 5.32.D, LDR, Martin County Code. Payment of appropriate fees shall be paid at the time of building permit issuance pursuant to Section 5.32.D.4.c.(3) LDR, Martin County Code.
- F. All permits for the Circle K US-1 Cove Road project must be obtained within one year of revised final site plan approval, by November 13, 2019. Development of the entire project must be completed within two (2) years of revised final site plan approval, by November 13, 2020. No rights to obtain development orders are herein conveyed beyond the two (2) year reservation period except as permitted in Section 5.32.D.8., LDR, Martin County Code. All remaining impact fees and capital facility charges shall be paid in full within sixty (60) days of an approval of a requested extension pursuant to Section 5.32.D.4.c.(3), LDR, Martin County Code.
- G. The Owner is not authorized to haul fill off of the site and must coordinate with the County Engineer regarding the routes and timing of any fill to be hauled to the site. The Owner must comply with all County excavation and fill regulations.
- H. No land clearing is authorized prior to the mandatory pre-construction meeting for the project. Property corners and preservation areas shall be located by a licensed land surveyor and clearly marked in the field prior to the pre-construction meeting. Authorization for clearing to install erosion control devices and preserve barricades will be granted at the pre-construction meeting. No additional land clearing shall commence until a satisfactory inspection of the required control structures and barricades has been obtained. Authorization for the relocation of gopher tortoises within the development, as provided for on state agency permits, may be granted by the Growth Management Department upon review of required permit materials.
- J. This resolution shall be recorded in the public records of Martin County. A copy of this resolution shall be forwarded to the applicant(s) by the Growth Management Department subsequent to recording.

DULY PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2018.

ATTEST:

CAROLYN TIMMANN

The state of the s CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

OMPTROLLER

Exhibit A, Legal Description Exhibit B, Revised Final Site Plan

Exhibit C, PAMP

ATTACHMENTS:

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS MARTIN COUNTY, FLORIDA

BY:

EDWARD V. CIAMPI, CHAIRMAN

APPROVED AS TO FORM & LEGAL SUFFICIENCY:

KRISTA A. STOREY

SENIOR ASSISTANT COUNTY ATTORNEY

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EXHIBIT A

Legal Description

A PARCEL OF LAND LYING AND BEING ALL OF LOTS 1 THROUGH 21 AND A PORTION OF LOT 22, BLOCK 33, SECTION 2, OF HIBISCUS PARK, SECTION 2 AS RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 3, PAGE 27 OF THE MARTIN COUNTY FLORIDA PUBLIC RECORDS, SAID LANDS WERE FORMERLY A PORTION OF BLOCK 73 OF ST. LUCIE INLET FARMS SUBDIVISION AS RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 1, PAGE 98 OF THE PALM BEACH COUNTY PUBLIC RECORDS BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

COMMENCING FOR REFERENCE AT AN IRON PIPE AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE CENTERLINE OF THE ROAD BETWEEN BLOCK 73 AND BLOCK 74 (30 FOOT RIGHT OF WAY) AS SHOWN ON THE PLAT OF SAID ST. LUCIE INLET FARMS AND THE COMMON LINE BETWEEN BLOCK 72 AND BLOCK 73, SAID ST. LUCIE INLET FARMS AND ALSO SHOWN ON THE PLAT OF AFORESAID HIBISCUS PARK, SECTION 2, THENCE, BEARING NORTH 66 27'39" EAST ALONG SAID CENTERLINE, A DISTANCE OF 15.00 FEET TO A POINT;

THENCE, LEAVING SAID CENTERLINE, BEARING SOUTH 23 38'49" WEST ALONG THE NORTHERN PROLONGATION OF THE WESTERLY LINE OF BLOCK 32 AND BLOCK 33 AND THEN ALONG SAID WEST LINE, A DISTANCE OF 670.59 FEET TO THE NORTHWESTERLY CORNER OF AFORESAID LOT 1, BLOCK 33 AND THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE HEREIN DESCRIBED PARCEL OF LAND:

SAID CORNER ALSO BEING ON THE SOUTH LINE OF AN EXISTING 30 FOOT DRAINAGE RIGHT OF WAY BETWEEN BLOCK 32 AND BLOCK 33, THENCE, BEARING NORTH 66 29'11" EASST ALONG SAID LINE, A DISTANCE OF 146.49 FEET TO THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID LOT 1 AND THE WESTERLY RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF US HIGHWAY NO 1 (STATE ROAD 5) (A 200 FOOT WIDE RIGHT OF WAY) ON FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RIGHT OF WAY MAP OF STATE ROAD NO 5, SECTION 89010-2114 AND ALSO ON SAID PLAT OF HIBISCUS PARK, SECTION 2, SAID POINT BEING ON A CURVE CONCAVE EASTERLY HAVING A RADIUS OF 5829.65 FEET, A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 05 43'28", A CHORD LENGTH OF 582.20 FEET BEARING SOUTH 35 28'49" EAST;

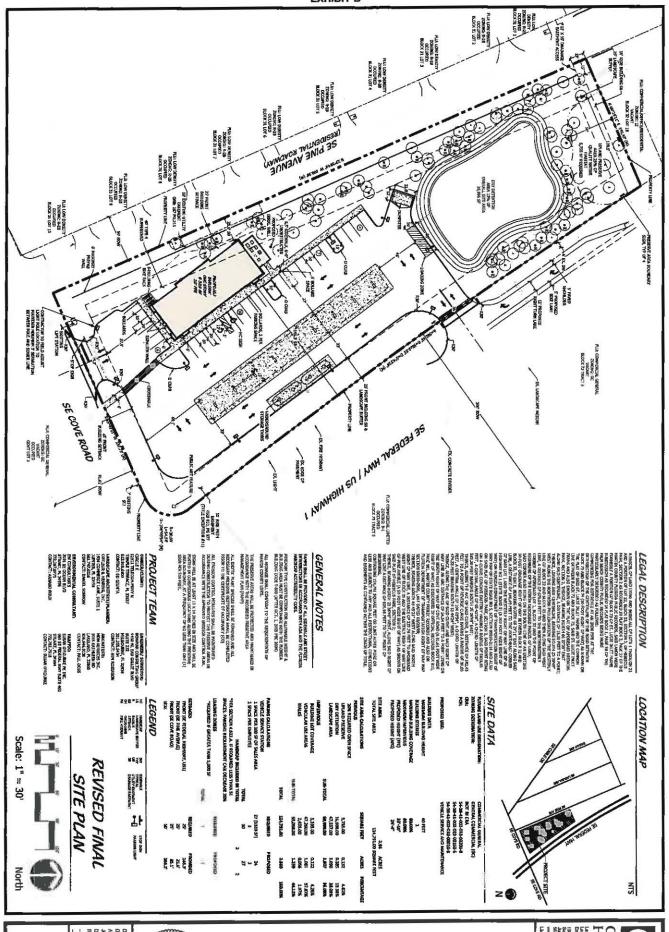
THENCE, ALONG THE ARC OF SAID CURVE, A DISTANCE OF 582.45 FEET TO A POINT OF REVERSE CURVE HAVING A RADIUS OF 30.00 FEET, A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 104 09'54", A CHORD LENGTH OF 474.33 FEET BEARING SOUTH 13 44'24" WEST;

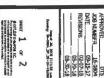
THENCE, ALONG THE ARC OF SAID CURVE AND SAID RIGHT OF WAY LINE AN ARC DISTANCE OF 54.54 FEET TO A POINT LYING ON THE NORTH RIGHT OF WAY OF COVE ROAD (A 91.61 FOOT WIDE RIGHT OF WAY) AS DESCRIBED IN OFFICIAL RECORDS BOOK 810, PAGE 981, MARTIN COUNTY PUBLIC RECORDS AND ALSO ON FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RIGHT OF WAY MAP SECTION 89010-2500, LAST DATED 08/28/98;

THENCE, BEARING SOUTH 65 49'21" WEST ALONG SAID NORTH RIGHT OF WAY LINE, A DISTANCE OF 237.79 FEET TO AFORESAID WEST LINE OF BLOCK 33 AND THE EASTERLY RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF PINE AVENUE (A 50 FOOT WIDE RIGHT OF WAY) AS SHOWN ON SAID PLAT OF HIBISCUS PARK, SECTION 2;

THENCE, BEARING NORTH 23 38'49" WEST, ALONG SAID RIGHT OF WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 609.98 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

CONTAINING 124,791 SQUARE FEET OR 2.865 ACRES MORE OR LESS AND SUBJECT TO ANY AND ALL RESTRICTIONS, CONDITIONS AND EASEMENTS AS CONTAINED WITHIN THE CHAIN OF TITLE.



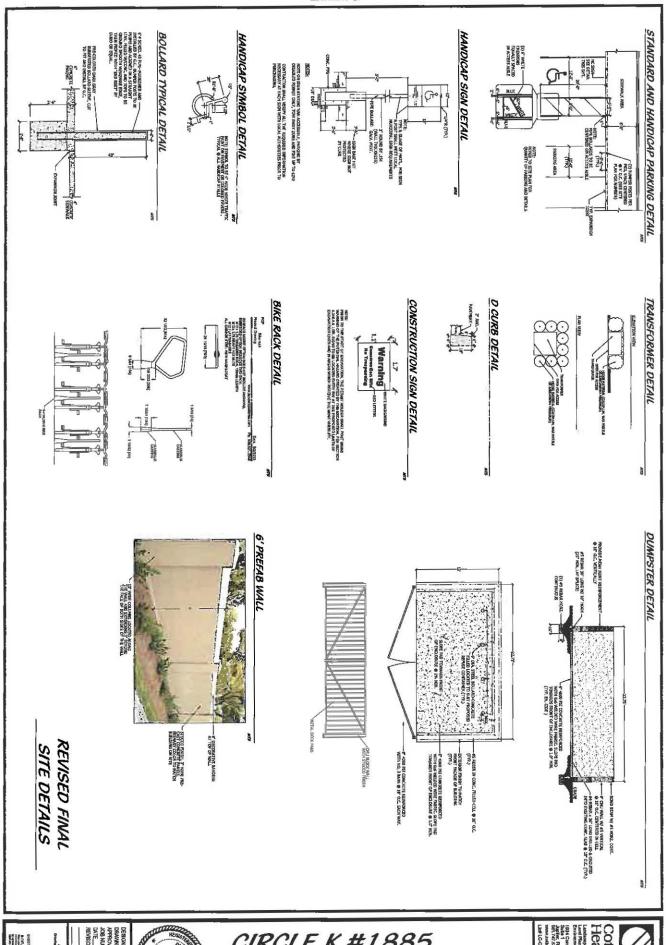




CIRCLE K #1885

Martin County, Florida





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CIRCLE K #1885

Martin County, Florida

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MARTIN COUNTY, FLORIDA

PRESERVE AREA MANAGEMENT PLAN

For:

CIRCLE - K

Martin County

Hanson Grant, Township 38S, and Range 41E

Prepared by:

EW Consultants, Inc.

A	pproved	by/Date:	

A Preserve Area Management Plan (PAMP) is required of all applicants for development approval on sites which contain wetland or upland preserve areas, pursuant to provisions of Section 4.36.A.1 of the Martin County Land Development Regulations, Martin County Code.

August 2017 Revised February 2018

D059201700358 Shawn McCarthy
RECORD NUMBER APPROVED BY

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ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

EA Appendix A

Figure 1: Location Map

Figure 2: Quad Map

Figure 3: Aerial Photograph

Figure 4: FLUCFCS Map

Figure 5a: Previous Impact - 1970 Aerial Photograph

Figure 5b: Previous Impact - 1986 Aerial Photograph

EA Appendix B

USDA Custom Soil Resource Report

EA Appendix C

South Florida Water Management District – Informal Wetland Determination letter

EA Appendix D

Table 1 - Listed fauna

Table 2 - Listed flora

APPENDIX B

Figure 6: Preserve Area Map

Figure 7: Preserve Area Sign Detail

Figure 8: Preserve Area Monitoring Map

Annual Monitoring Report Form

Project Site Plan

1.0 GENERAL

The owner of the lands to be preserved and maintained by this Preserve Area Management Plan (PAMP) and the developer of *CIRCLE-K* successors and assigns, and their environmental consultants and contractors, will implement and comply with all portions of this PAMP.

Compliance with the terms of this PAMP includes submittal of all Monthly Monitoring Reports on PAMP compliance throughout all phases of project construction and submittal of all Annual Monitoring Reports following completion of project construction, pursuant to Section 10.17 of the Martin County Land Development Regulations. The owner of the lands to be preserved/maintained shall have ultimate responsibility for the submittal of all Monthly and Annual Monitoring Reports, according to the format and schedule requirements of Section 10 of this PAMP.

As noted in Section 9 of this PAMP, the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator shall be notified in writing within thirty (30) days of transfer of ownership of any lands to be preserved/maintained under the terms of this PAMP. Failure to notify shall be considered as non-compliance with the terms of this PAMP

This PAMP will not be altered or amended by either Martin County or the owner/developer of CIRCLE-K, except by an alteration or amendment agreed to by both the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator and the owner/developer of CIRCLE-K. Such alterations and amendments shall be inserted into the PAMP and the final revised document shall be recorded by the Martin County Clerk of Courts. The revised PAMP will be labeled with the appropriate O.R. Book and Page Number. Three copies of the revised document shall be provided to the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator within thirty (30) days of the Recording date.

2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

The CIRCLE-K site is located south of Stuart, in unincorporated Martin County within Hanson Grant, Township 38S, and Range 41E. A Location Map, Quad Map, and 2017 Aerial Photograph are provided in the Appendix as Figures 1, 2, and 3, respectively. The subject property is located at the northwest corner of US-1 and Cove Road.

The Environmental Assessment (EA) appended to this PAMP includes maps and text which depict the site location, soils, habitats, listed species, previous impacts, and any other significant environmental features.

- 2.1 Location A location map is provided in the attached EA.
- 2.2 Soils Soil types on the property were classified using the a Soils Report produced using the Web Soil Survey of the United States Department of Agriculture/Natural Resources Conservation Service website application. A copy of the soils report can be found in Appendix B of the EA.
- 2.3 Habitats –Vegetative community classifications were mapped based on the Florida Land Use, Cover and Forms Classification System (FLUCFCS) developed by the Florida Department of Transportation. Field Reconnaissance and aerial photograph interpretation were employed in the mapping effort. No native upland habitats remain on the subject property. The subject property exhibits an existing fuel

service station (Circle-K) over a 0.8 acre-area. The remainder of the site is comprised of 0.5 acres of pine flatwoods, 1.5 acres of disturbed lands, and 0.1 acres of melaleuca-dominated uplands.

A complete description of the land covers and vegetation communities found on the subject property is presented in the attached EA.

2.4 Listed Species Evaluation

The sites exhibits some native pine flatwoods. This habitat is characterized by a pine canopy and a dense saw palmetto understory, typically lacking an herbaceous groundcover. The remainder of the uplands are severely encroached by invasive exotic vegetation. Due to the low quality of the pine flatwood habitats and the absence of wetlands or water bodies on site, and due to the overall urbanized character of the surrounding areas, the potential for wildlife utilization of the site is low. Please refer to the EA provided as an attachment to this PAMP for a detailed evaluation of potential listed species present on site.

Gopher Tortoise

The gopher tortoise, listed as a Threatened species by the State of Florida, may be found foraging and burrowing in low quality pine flatwoods and disturbed areas if sufficient gopher tortoise foraging habitat exists in the vicinity. As gopher tortoises may be present or foraging on the subject property, there is a potential for gopher tortoises to occur on site. While no signs of gopher tortoise activity or presence were observed on the property during surveys conducted to date, a full survey of the site will be required immediately prior to the commencement of construction activities to identify any gopher tortoise burrows or individuals that may be present on the site at that time. Potential impacts will be addressed through a permit application in accordance with Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FFWCC) requirements.

2.5 Previous Impacts

Please refer to the EA provided as attachment to this PAMP for a detailed evaluation of previous impacts on site.

Historic aerial photos are presented in Appendix A of the EA as Figure 5 A and B and provide a chronology of past alterations that have taken place on the subject site between 1974 and 1986. A full description and analysis of these changes is provided in the EA, under the "Previous Impact" section.

2.6 Agency Correspondence

A request for a file search will be placed with the Department of State, Florida Division of Historical Resources for the subject property, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FFWCC), and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). Copies of the database search response letters will be provided under separate cover to Martin County staff and the results of these searches will be summarized in this section of the PAMP.

The South Florida Water Management District confirmed that there are no wetlands on the property in their informal wetland determination dated July 10, 2017. A copy of the SFWMD informal wetland determination is provided in the Appendix.

3.0 IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRESERVE AREA

As described above, the subject site is 2.9 ±/- acres, exhibits 1.5 acres of exotic vegetation-dominated disturbed lands, 0.5 acres of pine flatwoods, and 0.8 acres of developed areas (fuel service station).

There are no wetlands on site or within 50 feet of the site therefore no wetland buffers are required. 0.125 acres (25% of the 0.5 acres) of native uplands that exist on site will be required to be preserved. Please refer to the Site Plan for the location of the preserve area. Portions of the proposed preserve area may require restoration to native upland habitat through removal of exotic vegetation and replanting with native canopy, understory, and/or ground cover species, as needed.

- 3.1 Site Plan All Preserve Area(s), right-of-ways and easements are shown on the *CIRCLE-K* Site Plan, a copy of which is included in this PAMP. The Site Plan includes a summary of the following: upland preservation acreage and total acreage of the site.
 - The Site Plan contains the notation: "PRESERVE AREAS ARE NOT TO BE ALTERED WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION OF THE MARTIN COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS."
- 3.2 Legal Recording Upon final approval, the final *CIRCLE-K* Site Plan will be recorded with the PAMP by the Martin County Clerk of Courts. The Site Plan and the PAMP will be labeled with the appropriate O.R. Book and Page Number and copies of each recorded document will be provided to the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator within thirty (30) days of the Recording date.

4.0 SURVEYING, MARKING AND BARRICADING REQUIREMENTS

All Preserve Area(s) shown on the Site Plan for CIRCLE-K will be surveyed and marked in the field with appropriate survey markers and signage. During the clearing and construction phases of the project, Preserve Area boundaries will be marked by physical barriers. No native plant material will be removed from the Preserve Area to facilitate surveying, fencing or soil boring/sampling without prior permission from the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator.

- 4.1 Preserve Area Surveying Requirements The Preserve Area will be surveyed and marked with permanent monuments at each corner and at other sites necessary for locating the boundary of the Preserve Area. These permanent monuments will be installed under the supervision of a Professional Surveyor and Mapper and will be shown on the Site Plan. Map coordinates of the Preserve Area will be provided to the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator, in a form compatible for use in the County's GIS mapping system.
- 4.2 Preserve Area Boundary Markers and Signs The preserve Area will be posted with permanent signs and boundary markers. Signs will be at least 11 x 14 inches in size and will be posted in conspicuous locations along the Preserve Area boundary, at a frequency of no less than one sign on each side of the preserve. All boundary markers and signs will be approved by the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator and they will be in place prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the facilities on the site. Illustrations of the signs and markers to be used for this project are presented on in Figure 6 (Preserve area map) included as in the Appendix of this PAMP.

4.3 Barricading Requirements - Prior to clearing, the developer will ensure that the Preserve Area is protected with physical barriers during all clearing and construction activities in accordance with the following guidelines. Barricades will be inspected by County Environmental Division staff prior to proceeding with clearing and earthwork activities on the site. Removal of the barricade materials will be done upon issuance of the final Certificate of Occupancy with authorization from appropriate County staff.

Barricades (not including turbidity screens) will be high-visibility orange safety fence extending from the ground to a height of at least four feet. Barricades will not be attached to vegetation. All barricades and turbidity screens will be upright and maintained intact for the duration of construction.

Where areas are proposed for clearing (i.e. building envelope, utilities, drainage, road right-of-way, etc.) the bright orange barricades and silt fences will be offset at least five (5) feet outside the Preserve Area or placed at the dripline of the canopy trees, whichever is greater. All native vegetation not slated for removal as part of the development plans will be retained in its undisturbed state and will be barricaded at or outside the dripline of the trees. Cut or fill will meet existing grade without encroaching into the Preserve Area.

It is the responsibility of the owner and developer of CIRCLE-K to inform all contractors of these Marking and Barricading Requirements. Failure to comply with these Marking and Barricading Requirements will be considered a violation of the Site Plan approval. Further work on the project may be stopped until compliance with the Marking and Barricading Requirements is achieved, and the owner or developer may be required to appear before the Code Enforcement Board.

5.0 USE OF PRESERVE AREA

- 5.1 Activities Allowed In The Preserve Area Activities allowed in the preserve area are bird watching and nature enjoyment.
- 5.2 Activities Prohibited In The Preserve Area Activities prohibited in the Preserve Area include: construction or placing of building materials on or above the ground; dumping or placing soil or other substances such as garbage, trash, and cuttings; removal or destruction of native trees, shrubs or other native vegetation; excavation, dredging or removal of soil materials; diking or fencing; vehicular traffic including use by non-motorized vehicles, recreational vehicles and off-road vehicles; permanent irrigation; trimming, pruning, or fertilization; and any other activities detrimental to drainage, flood control, water conservation, erosion control or fish and wildlife conservation and preservation.

No hazardous material other than fuel for refueling on-site heavy equipment will be stored during the construction phases. On-site fuel tanks shall not be located within twenty-five (25) feet of any Preserve Area boundary and shall be removed upon completion of construction work.

Buildings proposed to be located adjacent to the Preserve Area shall be set back a minimum of ten (10) feet to allow for construction and maintenance without encroaching into the Preserve Area. All other structures (e.g. pools, sheds, decks, fences) shall be set back a minimum of five (5) feet from the Preserve Area boundary.

Development activities such as the construction of building pads for associated structures, swales, or culverts for surface water management shall not alter the hydrology of adjacent the Preserve Area. Nor shall any activities increase non-point source pollution in the Preserve Area.

6.0 RESTORATION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES

Except for approved habitat restoration, and maintenance activities, the Preserve Area will be left undisturbed. All maintenance of the Preserve Area will be in accordance with this PAMP. Maintenance and management activities will be performed by or under the supervision of a qualified environmental professional and must be approved by the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator. The following restoration and maintenance activities may be allowed within the Preserve Area with prior written approval from the Environmental Planning Administrator: exotic plant removal, re-vegetation or planting native vegetation, and removal of dead, diseased, or safety hazard plant material.

6.1 Exotic Vegetation Removal – Exotic vegetation shall be eradicated from the Preserve Area by the least ecologically damaging method available. Such methods include hand pulling, hand spading, cutting with hand or chain saws and in-situ treatment with appropriate herbicides. No debris, including dead plants, plant clippings or wood scraps, shall be disposed of in the Preserve Area. In the event that any dead plant material or exotic vegetation debris is removed from the Preserve Area, it shall be disposed of in a County approved recycling facility.

An initial restoration program will be implemented for the preserve area located on the CIRCLE-K site. The initial restoration will be comprised of invasive nuisance and exotic vegetation eradication from the preserve area. Invasive nuisance and exotic vegetation species commonly encountered on the project site and targeted by this restoration and maintenance program include, but are not limited to melaleuca, Brazilian pepper, earleaf acacia, umbrella tree, and old world climbing fern. In addition, the native wild grape (*Vitis rotundifolia*) is considered nuisance species for the preserve area and will be targeted by the eradication program.

All exotic vegetation as listed by the Florida Exotic Pest Plant Council at the time of the permit issuance and native nuisance vegetation (wild grape) will be eradicated from the preserve area in accordance with the following specifications:

- Eradication will be through herbicide application, hand clearing, and where appropriate, removal
 of dead material off-site.
- Eradication of woody exotics will through the cutting/treatment of the trunk and/or stump with an appropriately labeled herbicide.
- Eradication of non-woody exotic vegetation will be through application of appropriately labeled herbicide.
- The criterion for acceptance of eradication of nuisance and exotic vegetation will be 100 percent kill immediately after the completion of the eradication activity. If initial eradication efforts do not achieve this criterion, follow up treatment will be conducted.
- Any portion of the preserve area exhibiting nuisance and exotic vegetation coverage of five percent or more will trigger the need for additional exotic vegetation control activities.

Herbicides are required for the treatment of all stumps/trunks of woody vegetation to prevent regrowth, and for eradication of non-woody exotic and nuisance vegetation.

- All herbicide application activity will be conducted under the supervision of a Florida Department of Agriculture licensed applicator, licensed for application of aquatic herbicides.
- All herbicide applied must include a visible tracer dye in the mix to facilitate observation of treated vegetation.

A maintenance program will be established to prevent return of the exotic and nuisance vegetation. The specifications for this perpetual maintenance program will follow the specification detailed in the eradication of invasive nuisance and exotic vegetation in the above section

6.2 Re-vegetation - Any re-vegetation which may be necessary as a result of exotic vegetation removal, habitat creation, or site construction activities shall consist of native plant species representative of the existing native plant community. This will ensure that the Preserve Area maintains an indigenous plant association. Re-vegetation plans shall be submitted to the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator for approval prior to implementation.

The vegetative success criteria for the restoration areas includes the requirement for 80% percent coverage of desirable vegetation after two years, coverage of exotic vegetation at zero percent immediately following maintenance activities (five percent coverage by exotic vegetation will be considered threshold for additional maintenance), and nuisance vegetation limited to ten percent or less.

If native vegetation has not achieved 80 percent coverage after the two year period, a replanting plan will be submitted to Martin County and supplemental vegetation will be planted in areas that remain below the 80 percent vegetation coverage criteria.

After five years, the preserve area will meet the vegetative success criteria of 100 percent coverage of desirable native vegetation and surface area coverage of invasive nuisance and exotic vegetation limited to five percent or less.

- 6.3 Vegetation Removal Dead or diseased plant material may be removed from Preserve Area upon approval by the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator. Re-vegetation may be required for any removed plant material. No debris, including dead plants, plant clippings or wood scraps, shall be disposed of in Preserve Area. In the event that any dead plant material and debris is removed from Preserve Area it shall be disposed of in a County approved recycling facility.
- 6.4 Prescribed Burns Martin County considers prescribed burns an acceptable habitat management tool. When approved by the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator, they will be conducted by a certified burn manager who will be responsible for obtaining all appropriate permits from State and local agencies.
- 6.5 Hydrology Previous or potential drainage impacts will be corrected to the extent technically feasible. Wetlands and water bodies on adjacent properties shall be protected from adverse impacts.

7.0 PROTECTIVE MEASURES FOR LISTED SPECIES

7.1 Gopher Tortoises: In Florida, gopher tortoises are protected as Threatened. Under Florida law, no person may take, possess, transport or sell a Listed Species. No Gopher Tortoises or signs thereof have

been observed on site during preliminary surveys and assessments. A 100% survey of the site will be completed before any clearing activities. No land clearing or construction shall occur until all gopher tortoises which may be impacted are relocated to off-site receiver areas as permitted by the FFWCC. Gopher tortoises inhabiting burrows in areas to be developed will be captured and relocated following guidelines set forth below. Tortoise burrows may be bucket trapped or excavated using a methodology approved by the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and conducted by an Authorized Agent possessing a valid relocation permit. During clearing and grubbing operations, equipment operators will be notified of the potential occurrence of gopher tortoises on site and instructed to observe for roaming and foraging individuals. Should gopher tortoises be seen during the clearing and grubbing, all equipment operations will be stopped and the gopher tortoises will be captured and relocated in accordance with FFWCC permit requirements. Once the tortoise(s) have been safely relocated, equipment operations can resume.

- 7.2 Commensal Species If necessary, all gopher tortoise relocation efforts will include trapping of protected burrow commensal species. These commensal species include but are not limited to the Florida mouse (Peromyscus floridana), gopher frog (Rana areolata) and Eastern indigo snake (Drymarchon corias couperi).
- 7.3 Relocation of Gopher Tortoises If gopher tortoise relocation is necessary, the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator will be notified and will be provided with a copy of the Gopher Tortoise Relocation Permit from the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. All relocations shall be carried out by an FFWCC Authorized Gopher Tortoise Agent licensed for gopher tortoise relocations.

8.0 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

The property owner(s) and developers of CIRCLE-K are responsible for the completion and maintenance of the required improvements specified in this PAMP for a period of two years. A bond for 100 percent of the cost of exotic vegetation removal, replanting, maintenance and monitoring shall be required for a period of two years from the date the planting is completed. The bond and associated paperwork will be required prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

9.0 TRANSFER OF RESPONSIBILITIES

The property owner(s) and developers of CIRCLE-K are responsible for implementation of all requirements of this Preserve Area Management Plan until such time as the responsibility is transferred to a successor. The Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator will be notified in writing within thirty (30) days of transfer of ownership of any lands to be preserved under this PAMP. Failure to notify will be considered as non-compliance with the terms of this PAMP. At such time as the owner is preparing to transfer control of the CIRCLE-K to a successor, an environmental professional shall certify, in writing, to the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator, that the Preserve Area is in full compliance with this PAMP.

The successor will be responsible for maintaining the Preserve Area in its existing natural condition with the periodic removal of invasive exotic vegetation. After transfer of responsibilities, funding for all maintenance and management programs will be the responsibility of all successors.

10.0 MONITORING, REPORTING AND INSPECTIONS

- 10.1 Monthly Construction Reports During construction of CIRCLE-K, the developer will be responsible for submitting a monthly report on the progress of CIRCLE-K, which will address all aspects of the site construction relative to the Preserve Area. Information regarding construction and maintenance of the Preserve Area, such as placement of barriers and signage, removal of exotic vegetation, re-vegetation, prescribed burns, etc. will be described and supported with photographs, where appropriate.
- 10.2 Annual Monitoring Reports Monitoring and reporting will be conducted annually by a qualified environmental professional for a period of five years from the date of completion of the project. Annual monitoring will be conducted at the end of the wet season (usually by November 30) and a report of the monitoring will be submitted to the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator within 30 days of the completion of the monitoring.

The Annual Monitoring Reports will document changes in vegetation including encroachment and/or overgrowth of noxious or exotic vegetation. Fixed-point panoramic photos of all Preserve Area will be included in each report. The reports will include recommendations for exotic vegetation removal, re-vegetation, and any additional enhancement activities necessary to maintain the Preserve Area. A timetable for action within 90 days of the report will be prepared and followed.

A copy of the proposed Annual Monitoring Report format is attached to this PAMP as an Appendix. This format may be modified separately from the PAMP, as necessary, upon written approval from the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator. Please refer to Figure 7 Monitoring Map for the location of the monitoring stations.

Upon request, Martin County Environmental Planning staff may meet with the responsible parties to review the annual monitoring report findings and supply technical assistance and support for stewardship.

The first Annual Monitoring Report due in compliance with this PAMP will be submitted to the Martin County Environmental Planning Administrator within one year of the completion of the remediation activity. Subsequent Annual Monitoring Reports will be due on the same date for the next four years.

After the initial five-year monitoring period, the Preserve Area may be subject to periodic review and, if conditions warrant, will be subject to further monitoring and maintenance to ensure environmental integrity, consistent with the provisions of this Plan.

10.3 Inspections – Martin County is authorized to inspect any County regulated site or appurtenance. Duly authorized representatives of Martin County may, at any reasonable time, upon presenting proper identification, enter upon and shall be given access to any premises for the purpose of such inspection.

11.0 ENFORCEMENT

Martin County shall have the right to enforce the provisions of this PAMP through any available administrative or civil proceeding, which may result in penalties. Restoration of habitat and other remedies, such as fines and fees covering staff time, may be required of any person, corporation or other entity found in violation of any of the provisions of this PAMP or of Article 10 of the Martin County Land Development Regulations.

APPENDIX A

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

Including:

EA Appendix A

Figure 1: Location Map Figure 2: Quad Map Figure 3: Aerial Photograph Figure 4: FLUCFCS Map

Figure 5a: Previous Impact - 1974 Aerial Photograph Figure 5b: Previous Impact - 1986 Aerial Photograph

EA Appendix B

USDA Custom Soil Resource Report

EA Appendix C

South Florida Water Management District - Informal Wetland Determination letter

EA Appendix D

Table 1 – Listed fauna Table 2 – Listed flora

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CIRCLE K # 18885

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

Prepared For: Circle K

Prepared By: EW Consultants, Inc.

September 2016 Revised August 2017 Revised February 2018 EW Consultants, Inc.

Natural Resource Management, Wetland, and Environmental Permitting Services

INTRODUCTION

This report provides an environmental assessment of the existing conditions on the 2.9 +/- acre Circle K #1885 Parcel located in unincorporated Martin County. The site is located in the northwest quadrant of the intersection of US Highway 1 and Cove Road. The site is bounded to the south by Cove Road, to the east by US Highway 1, to the north by a drainage ditch, and to the west by Pine Avenue. A Location Map (Figure 1) and a Quadrangle Map (Figure 2) are included in Appendix A of this report.

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

The northern portion of the subject property is currently undeveloped while the southern portion of the site is currently occupied by a gas station and convenience store. The northern portion of the site exhibits signs of past disturbance. A significant proportion of the property is either dominated by invasive exotic vegetation or invasive exotic vegetation dominates the ground cover and sub-canopy while a canopy of native trees remains. While no structures were observed on site, signs of vagrant campsites and transient human activity are visible. An Aerial Photo Map (Figure 3) is included in Appendix A of this report

SOILS

A Soils Report produced by the United States Department of Agriculture/Natural Resources Conservation Service is provided in Appendix B. The soils report identifies two distinct soil types on-site. The site is predominantly comprised of Waveland and Immokalee fine sands while the southern fringe of the property consists of Lawnwood and Myakka fine sands. These soils are generally poorly drained and typically found in broad open areas of pine flatwoods.

LAND COVER CLASSIFICATIONS

Land use and land cover on the subject property has been classified in accordance with the Florida Land Use, Cover and Forms Classification System (FLUCFCS, January 1999) published by the Florida Department of Transportation. Based on field reconnaissance, the subject property has three distinct land cover types. A description of each land cover type is provided below and a FLUCFCS Map is provided in Appendix A. All acreage figures are estimates based on aerial photo interpretation and field reconnaissance conducted on the site in September 2016 and updated in July 2017.

#141 - Fuel Service Station (0.8+/- acres)

The southern portion of the site is currently a fuel service station, built in the 1980s. This land cover exhibits the typical elements of fuel service station including fueling pumps, awning, paved parking lot, convenience store, and storm water management system.

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#411 - Pine Flatwoods (0.5+/- acres)

A portion of the site exhibits the typical characteristics of pine flatwoods. The vegetative composition of this land cover type is predominantly native with the canopy dominated by slash pine (Pinus elliottii) and occasional cabbage palm (Sabal palmetto). The sub-canopy is generally dense and dominated by saw palmetto (Serenoa repens). The remainder of the sub-canopy and ground cover includes rusty staggerbush (Lyonia ferruginea), wax myrtle (Myrica cerifera), gallberry (Ilex glabra), wild grape (Vitis rotundifolia), shrubby false buttonweed (Spermacoce verticillata), toothachegrass (Ctenium aromaticum), wiregrass (Arisitida spp.), and greenbriar (Smilax spp.).

#424 - Melaleuca (0.1+/- acres)

A small portion of the site exhibits a dominant canopy of melaleuca trees. This non-native upland community exhibits a ground cover comprised of invasive exotic vegetation such as creeping ox-eye, and various herbaceous species such as bluestem and shrubby false buttonweed.

#740 - Disturbed land (1.5+/- acres)

The majority of the site is considered disturbed land, comprised of areas that have been altered by the encroachment of invasive exotic vegetation. This vegetative community may exhibit patches of native vegetation in one stratum (e.g. a canopy of slash pines) however, the subcanopy and/or ground cover strata are comprised of invasive exotic vegetation and do not reflect any native community.

The canopy ranges from areas of slash pine or laurel oak (Quercus laurifolia), to a mix of invasive exotic trees such as Brazilian pepper (Schinus terebinthifolius), earleaf acacia (Acacia auriculiformis), java plum (Syzygium cumini), and umbrella tree (Schefflera actinophylla).

The subcanopy is typically invaded by Brazilian pepper (Schinus terebinthifolius).

The vegetative ground cover, when present, is also comprised of invasive exotic vegetation such as sword fern (Nephrolepis spp.), oyster plant (Tradescantia spathacea), caesarweed (Urena lobata). Some open areas devoid of canopy include a ruderal herbaceous cover comprised of florida pusley (Richardia spp.), bahia grass (Paspalum notatum), and finger grass (Eustachys spp.)

The pine flatwoods area of approximately 0.5 acres is the only native habitat found on site. The remainder of the land cover types observed on the property are considered non-native uplands.

No wetland or wetland communities were observed on or adjacent to the subject property. The South Florida Water Management District confirmed that there are no wetlands on the property in their informal wetland determination dated July 10, 2017 (See Appendix C).

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WILDLIFE AND LISTED SPECIES

During the course of site surveys, observations were made for the potential presence of wildlife, including listed species, on the site. The entire site was surveyed and the results of this survey are summarized below:

Based on the existing land cover, observations were made for the potential occurrence of gopher tortoises (a state-Threatened species) and possibly their associated commensal burrow dwellers including the eastern indigo snake (*Drymarchon corais couperi*), a state and federally listed Threatened species. The cursory pedestrian survey conducted throughout the site did not reveal the presence of any gopher tortoises or sign thereof such as potentially occupied gopher tortoise burrows, scat, or tracks of gopher tortoises present on the site. The dense sub-canopy, exotic species, and minimal grass cover create conditions that are less than optimal for gopher tortoise habitat. As this species is mobile and other suitable habitat exists to the north of the property, a follow up survey immediately prior to any land clearing is recommended to verify that the current unoccupied status of the property remains at the time of any land development activity.

Small mammal trails and scat were the most frequent and visible signs of wildlife activity within the subject property. Based on the habitat type and existing conditions as well as the urbanized surroundings, no other listed species are expected to be present on site. Table 1 in Appendix D lists protected fauna according to the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, and provides an evaluation of the known presence of or potential for occurrence of such species occurring on-site.

In addition, observations were also made to evaluate the presence or potential presence of endangered flora on the subject property. No endangered flora was identified as present or potentially present on the subject property. Please refer to Table 2 in Appendix D for a list of endangered flora in Florida and a summary evaluation of the potential for occurrence of such species on-site.

PREVIOUS IMPACTS

Historic aerial photographs presented in Appendix A as Figure 5A and B illustrate the past land alterations that have taken place on the subject site and surrounding areas and that resulted in the current land cover and dominance of invasive exotic vegetation lack of native habitat:

The 1974 aerial photograph (Figure 5A) shows the property apparently partially wooded and without any significant land alteration with the exception of a billboard sign located along US Highway 1. There are no buildings on the property. US Highway 1 and Cove Road are visible along the eastern and southern property boundaries. The ditch that runs along the north side of the property is visible on the 1974 aerial. The area adjacent to and west of the subject site is exhibiting numerous signs of residential development with a street pattern and numerous residential housing already visible.

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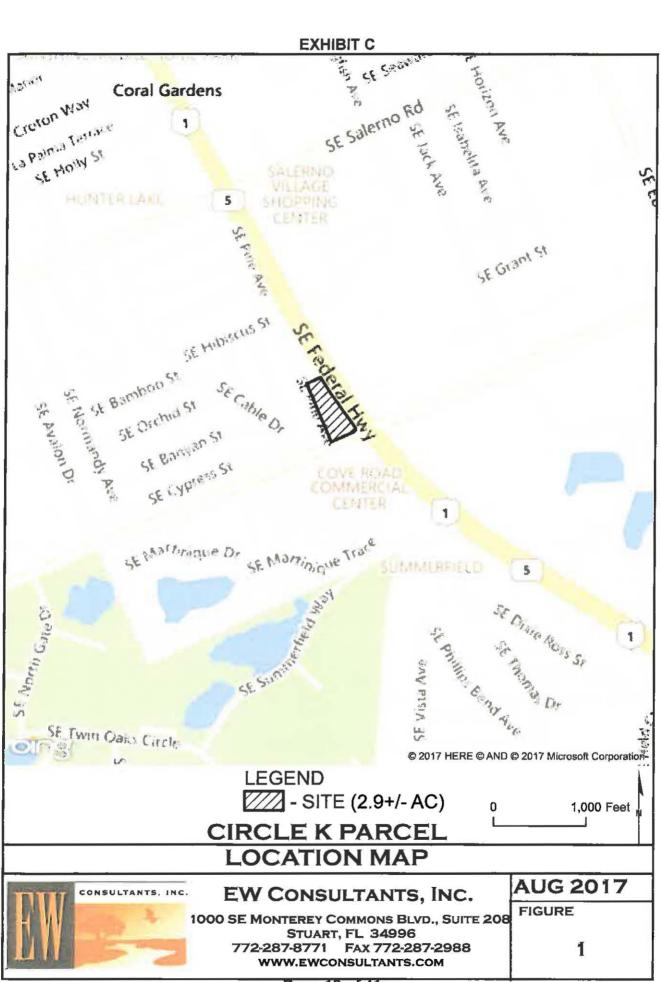
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The 1986 aerial photograph (Figure 5B) shows that the site remains undeveloped with the exception of the billboard sign along US Highwayl. The site appears more densely vegetated thus indicating that no significant vegetation clearing or management has taken place on the property.

The current vegetative conditions of the subject property are consistent with those of sites that have become urban enclaves, where natural fire regimes have been suppressed by roadways and residential development. These surrounding conditions have facilitated the encroachment of a variety of invasive exotic vegetation throughout the site and that have resulted in the disturbed vegetative conditions that currently exist on site.

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APPENDIX A



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QUAD 2015

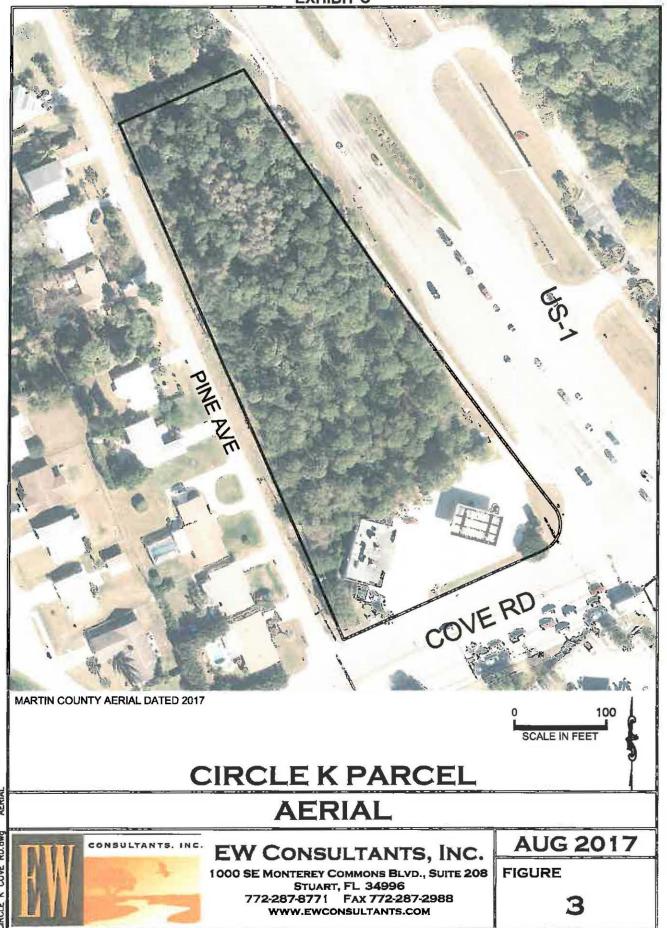
EW CONSULTANTS, INC.

1000 SE MONTEREY COMMONS BLVD., SUITE 208 **STUART, FL 34996** 772-287-8771 FAX 772-287-2988

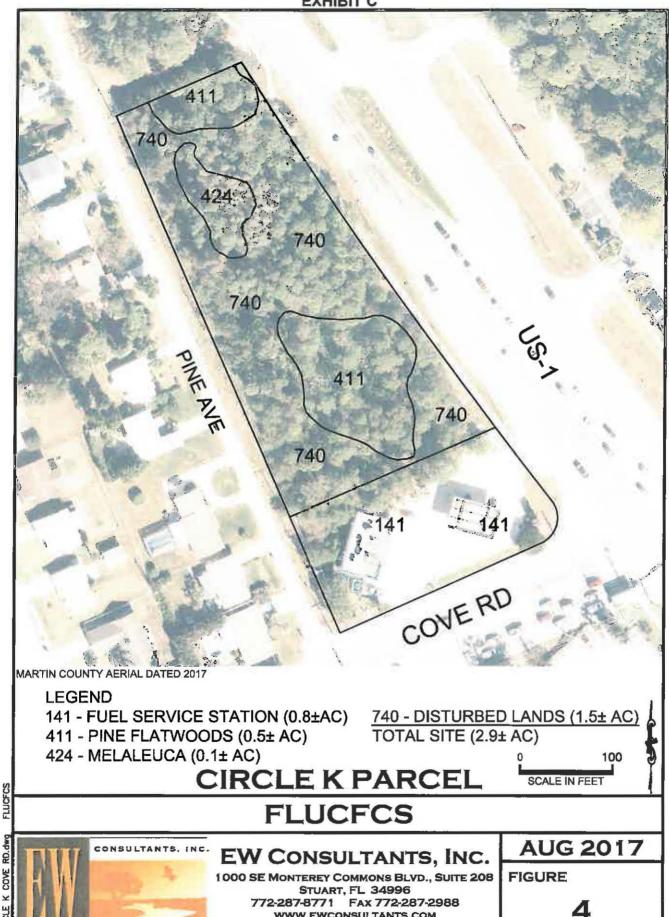
WWW.EWCONSULTANTS.COM

FIGURE

2

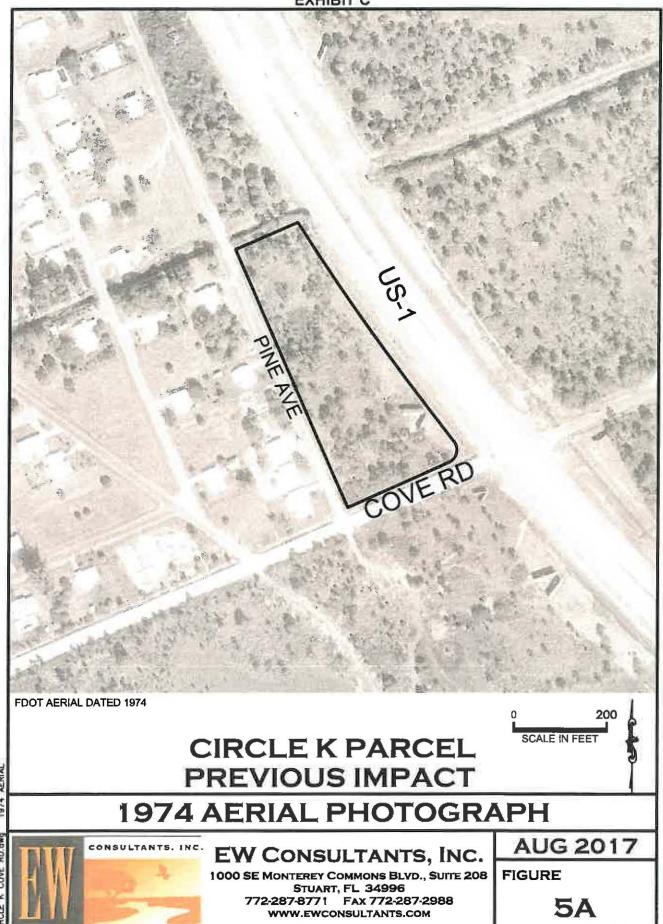


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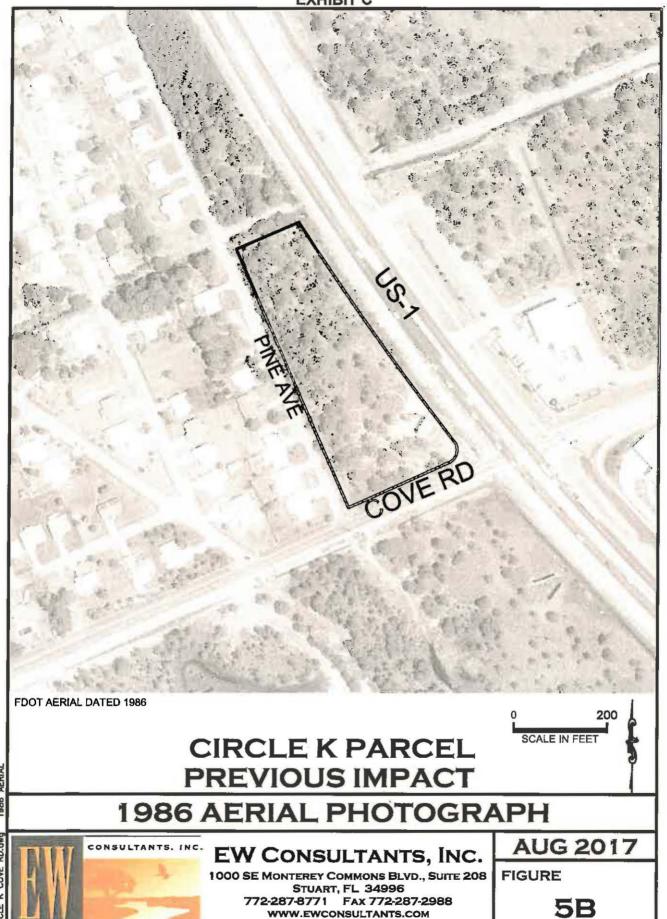


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APPENDIX B



Soil Map-Martin County, Florida (CIRCLE K PARCEL)

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Solls

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Lines



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression 0

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp



Mine or Quarry



Miscellaneous Water



Perennial Water



Rock Outcrop



Saline Spot Sandy Spot



Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Slide or Slip



Sodic Spot

Spoil Area

Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

+++

Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads

Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Martin County, Florida Survey Area Data: Version 15, Sep 14, 2016

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Feb 14, 2015—May 8.2015

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Martin County, Florida (FL085)							
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI				
2	Lawnwood and Myakka fine sands	1.0	36.0%				
4	Waveland and Immokalee fine sands	1.8	64.0%				
Totals for Area of Interest		2.9	100.0%				

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APPENDIX C



SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Regulation Division

July 10, 2017

Mr. Ryan Plate Circle K 12911 N Telecom Parkway Tampa, FL 33637

Subject:

Circle K Cove Road

Application No. 170630-10

Informal Wetland Determination No. 43-00075-IF Martin County; Hanson Grant / T 38 S / R 41 E

Dear Mr. Plate

The District offers the following in response to your request for a determination of wetland boundaries located within the subject property. A site visit was conducted by District staff on July 6, 2017. Based on the site visit, and other site-specific information, this 2.9-acre site does not contain wetlands or other surface waters as defined by Chapter 62-340 Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.).

This correspondence is an informal wetland determination pursuant to Chapter 373, Florida Statutes. It does not bind the District, its agents or employees, nor does it convey any legal rights, expressed or implied. Persons obtaining this informal wetland determination are not entitled to rely upon it for purposes of compliance with provision of law or District rules. A binding wetland determination may be obtained by petitioning the South Florida Water Management District for a wetland declaratory statement pursuant to F.A.C. Rule 62-340 or by applying for an Environmental Resource permit.

Potentially other areas of the property not jurisdictional under State rules, may be wetlands and/or other waters of the United States under federal rules. Dredging or filling in such areas may require a Department of Army (DA) permit. Receipt of a state or local government permit does not obviate the need to obtain a DA permit prior to commencing work. For more information about the DA Regulatory Program, you may access the Corps'

Mr. Plate July 10, 2017

Subject: Application No. 170630-10

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website at: www.saj.usace.army.mil/permit/index.html. You may also contact the local Corps regulatory office for additional information, at one of the following numbers: 561-472-3517, 561-472-3506, or 561-472-3514.

If you have any further questions, please contact me at 863-462-5260 x3007.

Sincerely,

Eve Raymond

Environmental Analyst III

Okeechobee Regulatory Office

WB/er - Attachments (Location Map, Soils Map, FLUCCS Map)

cc: Arnaud Roux EW Consultants

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Palm Beach Gardens

Shawn McCarthy Martin County Growth Management Department

EW Consultants, Inc.
Natural Resource Management, Wetland, and Environmental Permitting Services

APPENDIX D

TABLE 1 POTENTIAL LISTED FAUNA

FWC MAY 2017 OFFICIAL LIST

VERTEBRATES

FISH

Common Name			Known or potential occurrence:		
	Scientific Name	Status	On site	Martin	Comment
Atlantic sturgeon	Acipenser oxyrinchus	ΡE	No	No	— walder with
Blackmouth shiner	Notropis melanostomus	ST	No	No	
Bluenose shiner	Pteronotropis welaka	ST	No	No	
Crystal darter	Crystallaria asprella	ST	No	No	
Gulf sturgeon	Acipenser oxyrinchus desotol	FT	No	No	
Harlequin darter	Etheostoma histrio	SSC	No	No	
Key sîlverside	Menidia conchorum	ST	No	No	
Okaloosa darter	Etheostoma okalossae	FT	No	No	
Saltmarsh topminnow	Fundulus jenkinsi	ST	No	No	
Shortnose sturgeon	Acipenser brevirostrum	FE	No	No	
Smalltooth sawfish	Pristis pectinate	FE	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Southern tessellated darter	Etheostoma olmstedi maculaticeps	ST	No	No	

AMPHIBIANS

Common Name	Scientific Name		Known or potential occurrence:		
		Status	On site	Martin	Comment
Florida bog frog	Lithobates okaloosae	ST	No	No	
Frosted flatwoods salamander	Ambystoma cingulatum	FT	No	No	
Georgia blind salamander	Haideotriton wallacei	ST	No	No	
Reticulated flatwoods salamander	Ambystoma bishopi	FE	No	No	

REPTILES

Common Name			Known or potential occurrence:		
	Scientific Name	Status	On site	Martin	Comment
Alligator snapping turtle	Macrochelys temminckii	SSC	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
American ailigator	Alligator mississippiensis	FT(S/A)	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
American crocodile	Crocodylus acutus	FT	No	No	
Atlantic salt marsh snake	Nerodia clarkii taeniata	FT	No	No	
Barbour's map turtle	Graptemys barbouri	ST	No	No	
Bluetail mole skink	Eumeces egregius lividus	FT	No	No	
Eastern indigo snake	Drymarchon corais couperi	FT	Minimal	Yes	Could occupy existing holes or burrows
Florida brownsnake (1)	Storeria victa	ST	No	No	
Florida Keys mole skink	Eumeces egregius egregius	ST	No	No	
Florida pine snake	Pituophis melanoleucus mugitus	ST	Moderate	Yes	Could use flatwood areas
Gopher tortoise	Gopherus polyphemus	ST	Moderate	Yes	None observed on-site
Green sea turtle	Chelonia mydas	Т	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Hawksbill sea turtle	Eretmochelys imbricata	FE	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Kemp's ridley sea turtle	Lepidochelys kempii	FE	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Key ringneck snake	Diadophis punctatus acricus	ST	No	No	
Leatherback sea turtle	Dermochelys coriacea	FT	No	Yes	No approriate habitat found on-site
Loggerhead sea turtie	Caretta caretta	FT	No	Yes	No approriate habitat found on-site
Rim rock crowned snake	Tantilla colitica	ST	No	No	
Sand skink	Neoseps reynoldsi	FT	No	No	
Short-tailed snake	Stilosoma extenuatum	ST	No	No	

BIRDS

			Known or potential occurrence:		
Common Name	Scientific Name	Status	On site	Martin	Comment
American oystercatcher	Haematopus palliatus	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Audubon's crested caracara	Polyborus plancus audubonii	FI	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Bachman's wood warbler	Vermivora bachmanii	FE	No	No	
Black skimmer	Rynchops niger	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Cape Sable seaside sparrow	Ammodramus maritimus mirabilis	FE	No	No	
Eskimo curiew	Numenius borealis	FE	No	No	
Everglade snail kite	Rostrhamus sociabilis plumbeus	FE	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Florida burrowing ow!	Athene cunicularia	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Florida grasshopper sparrow	Ammodramus savannarum floridanus	FE	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Florida sandhill crane	Grus canadensis pratensis	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Florida scrub-jay	Apheiocoma coerulescens	FT	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
vory-billed woodpecker	Campephilus principalis	FE	No	No	
Kirtland's wood warbler	Dendroica kirtlandii(Setophaga kirtlandii)	FE	No	No	
east tern	Sterna antillarum	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Little blue heron	Egretta caerulea	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Marian's marsh wren	Cistothorus palustris marianae	ST	No	No	
Osprey (2)	Pandion haliaetus	SSC	No	No	Monroe County only
Piping plover	Charadrius melodus	FT	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Red-cockaded woodpecker	Picoides borealis	FE	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Reddish egret	Egretta rufescens	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Roseate spoonbill	Platalea ajaja	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Roseate tern	Sterna dougallii dougallii	FT	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Rufa red knot	Calidris canutus rufa	FT	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
scott's seaside sparrow	Ammodramus maritimus peninsulae	ST	No	No	152%
Snowy plover	Charadrius nivosus(Charadrius alexandrinus)	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
outheastern American kestrel	Falco sparverius paulus	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
ricolored heron	Egretta tricolor	ST	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Vakulia seaside sparrow	Ammodramus maritimus juncicola	ST	No	No	
Vhite-crowned pigeon	Patagioenas leucocephala	ST	No	No	
Vhooping crane	Grus americana	FXN	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Worthington's marsh wren	Cistothorus palustris griseus	ST	No	No	- Cong. (co.
Wood stork	Mycteria americana	FT	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site

MAMMALS

			Known or potential occurrence:		
Common Name	Scientific Name	Status	On site	Martin	Comment
Anastasia Island beach mouse	Peromyscus polionatus phasma	FE	No	No	
Big Cypress fox squirrel	Sciurus niger avicennia	ST	No	No	
Choctawhatchee beach mouse	Peromyscus polionotus allophrys	FE	No	No	
Everglades mink	Neovison vison evergladensis	ST	No	No	
Finback whale	Balaenoptera physalus	FE	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Florida bonneted (mastiff) bat	Eumops [=glaucinus] floridanus	FE	No	No	
Florida panther	Puma [=Felis] concolor coryi	FE	No	No	402
Florida salt marsh vole	Microtus pennsylvanicus dukecamphelli	FE	No	No	-
Gray bat	Myotis grisescens	FE	No	No	VC - 6273 - New York
Gray wolf	Canis lupus	FE	No	No	
Homosassa shrew	Sorex longirostris eanis	SSC	No	No	
Humpback whale	Megaptera novaeangliae	FE	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Indiana bat	Myotis sodalis	FE	No	No	
Key deer	Odocoileus virginianus clavium	FE	No	No	
Key Largo cotton mouse	Peromyscus gossypinus allapaticola	FE	No	No	
Key Largo woodrat	Neotoma floridana smalli	FE	No	No	W 100 1000 1000
Lower Keys rabbit	Sylvilagus palustris hefneri	FE	No	No	
North Atlantic right whale	Eubalaena glacialis	FE	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Perdido Key beach mouse	Peromyscus polionotus trissyllepsis	FE	No	No	
Red wolf	Canis rufus	FE	No	No	
Rice rat	Oryzomys palustris natator	FE1	No	No	
Sanibel Island rice rat	Oryzomys palustris sanibeli	ST	No	No	
Sei whale	Balaenoptera borealis	FE	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Sherman's fox squirrel	Sciurus niger shermani	SSC	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Sherman's short-tailed shrew	Blarina [=carolinensis] shermani	ST	No	No	50 13 (50 No.)
Southeastern beach mouse	Peromyscus polionotus niveiventris	FT	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
perm whale	Physeter catodon (=macrocephalus)	FÉ	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site
St. Andrew beach mouse	Peromyscus polionotus peninsularis	FE	No	No	
West Indian manatee	Trichechus manatus(Trichechus manatus latirostris)	FT	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat found on-site

INVERTEBRATES

CORALS

			Known or potential occurrence:		
Common Name	Scientific Name	Status	On site	Martin	Comment
Boulder star coral	Orbicella franksi	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Elkhorn coral	Acropora palmata	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Lobed star coral	Orbicella annularis	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Mountainous star coral	Orbicella faveolata	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Pillar coral	Dendrogyra cylindricus	ST	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Rough cactus coral	Mycetophyllia ferox	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Staghorn coral	Acropora cervicornis	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site

CRUSTACEANS

42000h 7299			Known or potential occurrence:		
Common Name	Scientific Name	Status	On site	Martin	Comment
Black Creek crayfish (Spotted royal crayfish)	Procambarus pictus	Status	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Panama City crayfish	Procambarus econfinae	SSC	No	4 ve st	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Santa Fe Cave crayfish	Procambarus erythrops	ST	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Squirrel Chimney Cave shrimp	Palaemonetes cummingi	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site

INSECTS

	Scientific Name		Known or potential occurrence:		
Common Name		Status	On site	Martin	Comment
American burying beetle	Nicrophorus americanus	FE	No	No	
Bartram's scrub-hairstreak	Strymon acisbartrami	FE	No	No	
Cassius blue butterfly	Leptotes cassius theonus	FT(S/A)	No	No	Listed as similar to Miami blue butterfly
Ceraunus blue butterfly	Hemiargus ceraunus antibubastus	FT(S/A)	No	No	Listed as similar to Miami blue butterfly
Florida leafwing butterfly	Anaea troglodyta floridalis	FE	No	No	
Miami blue butterfly	Cyclargus thomasi bethunebakeri	FE	No	No	
Nickerbean blue butterfly	Cyclargus ammon	FT(S/A)	No	No	Listed as similar to Miami blue butterfly
Schaus' swallowtail butterfly	Heraclides aristodemus ponceanus	FE	No	No	

MOLLUSKS

Common Name	Scientific Name	Status	Known or potential occurrence:		
			On site	Martin	Comment
Chipola slabshell (mussei)	Elliptio chiplolaensis	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Choctaw bean	Villosa choctawensis	FE	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Fat threeridge (mussel)	Amblema neislerii	FE	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Florida treesnail	Liguus fasciatus	FE	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Fuzzy pigtoe	Pleurobema strodeanum	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Gulf moccasinshell (mussel)	Medionidus penicillatus	FE	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Narrow pigtoe	Fusconai escambia	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Ochlockonee moccasinshell(mussel)	Medionidus simpsonlanus	FE	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Oval pigtoe (mussel)	Pleurobema pyriforme	FE	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Purple bankclimber (mussel)	Elliptoideus sloatianus	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Round ebonyshell	Fusconaia rotulata	FE	No]	No appropriate habitat found on-site
Shinyrayed pocketbook(mussel)	Lompsilis subangulata	FE	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Southern kidneyshell	Ptychobranchus jonesi	FE	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Southern sandshell	Hamiota australis	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
stock Island tree snail	Orthalicus reses [not incl. nesodryas]	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
iuwannee moccasinshell	Medionidus walker	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site
Sapered pigtoe	Fusconaia burki	FT	No		No appropriate habitat found on-site

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS AND NOTATIONS

FWC = Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

FE = Federally Endangered

FT = Federally Threatened

SE = State Endangered

ST = State Threatened

SSC = Species of Special Concern

FXN = Federal Experimental Non-Essential Population

- 1 Lower keys population only
- 2 Monroe County population only
- 3 Other than those found in Baker and Columbia Counties or in Apaiachicola National Forest

TABLE 2 POTENTIAL LISTED FLORA

FL DACS 2015

		1	Known or n	Known or potential occurrence:			
Scientific Name	Common Name	Status	On site	Martin	Comment		
Amorpha crenulata	crenulated lead-plant	endangered	No	No			
Asimina tetramera	four-petal pawpaw	endangered	No	Yes	No appropriate soils/habitat on site		
Bonamia grandiflora	Florida bonamia	threatened	No	No			
Campanula robinsiae	Brooksville bellflower	endangered	No	No			
Cereus eriophorus var. fragrans	fragrant prickly-apple	endangered	No	No			
Chamaesyce deltoidea ssp. deltoidea	deltoid spurge	endangered	No	No			
Chamaesyce garberi	Garber's spurge	threatened	No	No			
Chionanthus pygmaeus	pygmy fringe tree	endangered	No	No			
Chromolaena frustrata	Cape Sable thorough-wort	endangered	No	No			
Chrysopsis floridana	Florida golden aster	endangered	No	No			
Cladonia perforata	Florida perforate cladonia	endangered	No	Yes	Found in Hobe Sound and south		
Clitoria fragrans	pigeon wings	threatened	No	No	Touris III . 1000 Douris Disa Double		
Conradina brevifolia	short-leaved rosemary	endangered	No	No	-		
Conradina etonia	Etonia rosemary	endangered	No	No			
Conradina glabra	Apalachicola rosemary	endangered	No	No	<u> </u>		
Consolea corallicola	Florida semaphore cactus	endangered	No	No			
Crotalaria avonensis	Avon Park harebells	endangered	No	No	 		
Cucurbita okeechobeensis ssp. okeechobeensis	Okeechobee gourd	endangered	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat on cito		
Deeringothamnus pulchellus	beautiful pawpaw	endangered	No	No	No appropriate habitat on-site		
Deeringothamnus rugelii	Rugel's pawpaw	endangered	No	No	-		
Dicerandra christmanii	Garrett's mint		No	No			
Dicerandra cornutissima		endangered	No	No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	longspurred mint	endangered		1500000			
Dicerandra frutescens	scrub mint	endangered	No	No			
Dicerandra Immaculata	Lakela's mint	endangered	No	No			
riogonum longifolium var. gnaphalifolium	scrub buckwheat	threatened	No	No			
ryngium cuneifolium	snakeroot	endangered	No	No			
Euphorbia telephioides	Telephus spurge	threatened	No	No			
Galactia smallii	Small's milkpea	endangered	No	No			
Halophila johnsonii	Johnson's seagrass	threatened	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat on-site		
Harperocallis flava	Harper's beauty	endangered	No	No			
Harrisia aboriginum	aboriginal prickly-apple	endangered	No	No			
Typericum cumulicola	Highlands scrub hypericum	endangered	No	No			
acquemontia reclinata	beach jacquemontia	endangered	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat on-site		
lusticia cooleyi	Cooley's water-willow	endangered	No	No			
Liatris ohlingerae	scrub blazing star	endangered	No	No			
Indera melissifolia	pondberry	endangered	No	No			
upinus aridorum	scrub lupine	endangered	No	No			
Aacbridea alba	white birds-in-a-nest	threatened	No	No			
Volina brittoniana	Britton's beargrass	endangered	No	No			
Paronychia chartacea	papery whitlow-wort	threatened	No	No			
ilosocereus robinii	Key tree-cactus	endangered	No	No			
inguicula ionantha	Godfrey's butterwort	threatened	No	No			
Polygala lewtonii	Lewton's polygala	endangered	No	No			
olygala smallii	tiny polygala	endangered	No	Yes	No appropriate habitat on-site		
olygonella basiramia	wireweed	endangered	No	No			
olygonella myriophylla	sandlace	endangered	No	No	0.00		
runus geniculata	scrub plum	endangered	No	No			
hododendron chapmanii	Chapman's rhododendron	endangered	No	No			
ibes echinellum	Miccosukee gooseberry	threatened	No	No			
chwalbea americana	American chaffseed	endangered	No	No			
cutellaria floridana	Florida skulicap	threatened	No	No			
ilene polypetala	fringed campion	endangered	No	No			
pigelia gentianoides	gentian pinkroot	endangered	No	No			
halictrum coaleyi	Cooley's meadowrue	endangered	No	No			
orreya taxifolia	Florida torreya	endangered	No	No			
Varea amplexifolia	clasping warea	endangered	No	No			
Varea carteri	Carter's warea	endangered	No	No			
iziphus celata	scrub ziziphus	endangered	No	No			
	Tanana susuprina	I I MAN I BEI EM	1	1			

APPENDIX B

Figure 6: Preserve Area Map

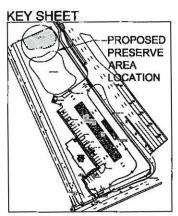
Figure 7: Preserve Area Monitoring Map

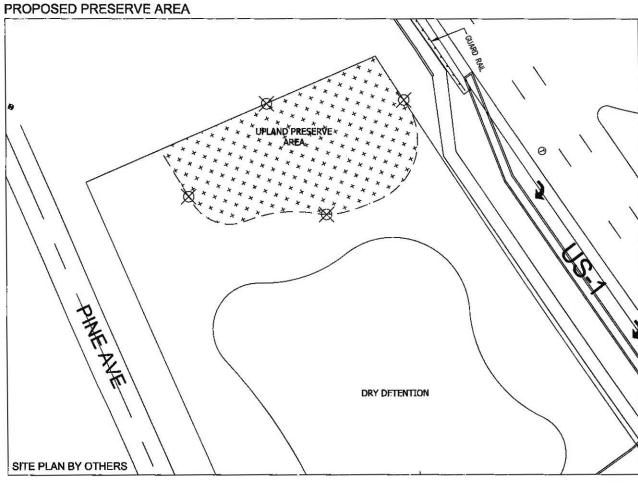
Annual Monitoring Report Form

Project Site Plan







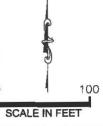




- UPLAND PRESERVE AREA (5,755± SF)

- PRESERVE SIGN LOCATION (4)

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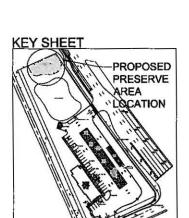
CIRCLE K PARCEL PRESERVE AREA MAP

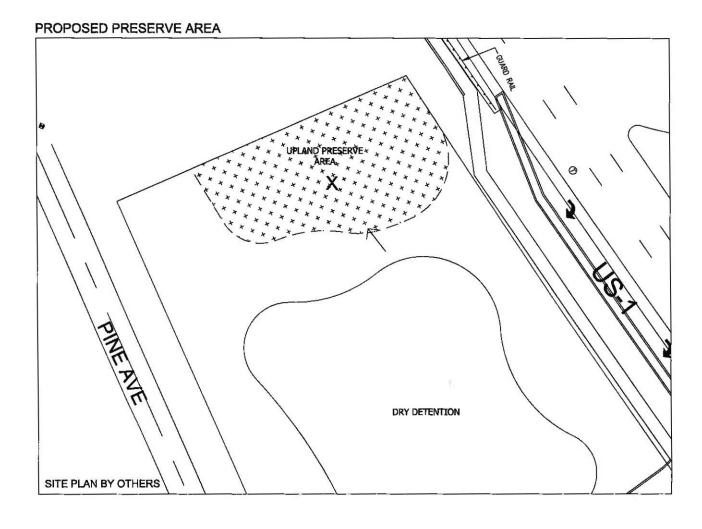


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FIGURE 6

FEB 2018





LEGEND

- UPLAND PRESERVE AREA (5,755± SF)

X - MONITORING STATION

- PHOTO STATION WITH DIRECTION
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100 SCALE IN FEET

CIRCLE K PARCEL PRESERVE AREA MONITORING MAP



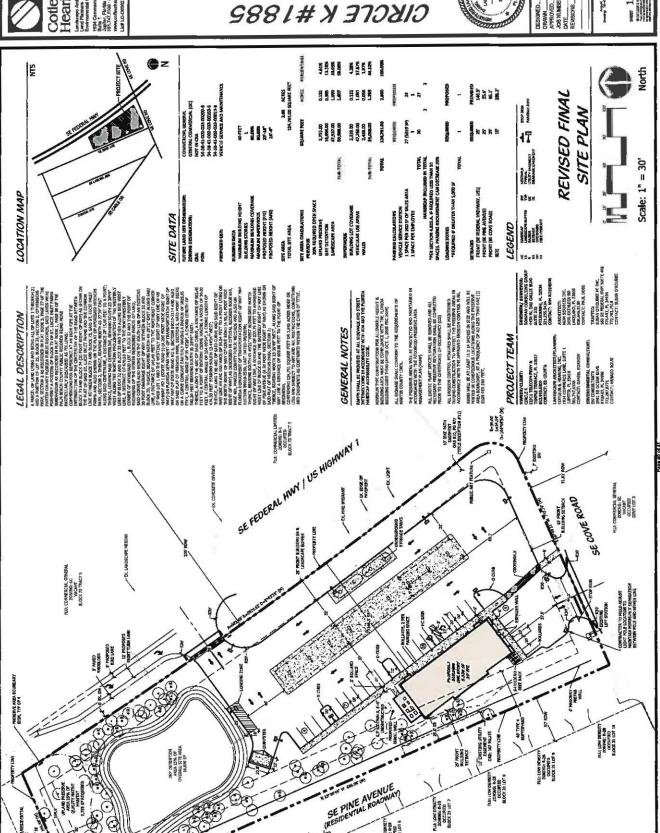
EW CONSULTANTS, INC.
1000 SE MONTEREY COMMONS BLYD., SUITE 208
51UARY, FL. 348860
773-287-8771 FAX 772-287-2988

FEB 2018 FIGURE

Martin County, Florida



me with the SOL OF Section and Street, and the Solid Section of the Soli



RUI: LOW DENSTRY ZONCING: R-28 OCCUMED BLOCK 21 LOT S

ZONDIA: R-23 ZONDIA: R-23 OCCUPID BLOCK 31 LOT 4

FULL LOW DENSITY ZOWENS: N-28 OCCUPATO RLOCK 31 LOT 3

MARTIN COUNTY, FLORIDA

PRESERVE AREA MANAGEMENT PLAN

ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT FOR (Year)

Name and address of current owner of Preserve Area;

•	Location of Preserve Area
•	Date PAMP approved;
•1	Documentation of vegetation changes, including encroachment of exotic vegetation;
•	Fixed-point panoramic photos of the Preserve Area;
•	Synopsis of maintenance activities conducted in compliance with the PAMP requirements such as exotic vegetation removal, re-vegetation, and additional enhancement activities necessary to maintain the Preserve Area;
	A timetable for action within 90 days of the report;
•	A list of all violations of the PAMP; and
•	Recommendations for remedial actions, with a proposed schedule for the coming year.
Signa	ture/Date :
Турес	d Name/Title :
Comp	oany Name (if applicable) :